

2: Alkanes and Cycloalkanes

Preview

2.1 Alkanes

Structures of Alkanes (2.1A)

Kekulé, Electron-Dot and Three-Dimensional Structures

Condensed Structural Formulas

Molecular Formulas

Structural Isomers

Line-Bond Structures

Alkane Names and Physical Properties (2.1B)

Physical Properties

Names

2.2 Alkane Systematic Nomenclature

Alkane Nomenclature Rules (2.2A)

The Prefixes Di, Tri, and Tetra

Many Ways to Draw the Same Molecule

Alkyl Groups Besides Methyl (2.2B)

Names of Alkyl Groups

Isopropyl and t-Butyl

2.3 Cycloalkanes

Structural Drawings (2.3A)

Nomenclature (2.3B)

Numbering a Cycloalkane

Physical Properties (2.3C)

2.4 Conformations of Alkanes

Staggered and Eclipsed Conformations of Ethane (2.4A)

A Comparison of Staggered and Eclipsed Conformations

Newman Projections

Rotation about the C-C Bond (2.4B)

Rapid Rotation about C-C Bonds

Energy and Stability

Conformations of Other Alkanes (2.4C)

Propane

Butane

Torsional Strain and Steric Strain (2.4D)

Torsional Strain

Steric Strain

Anti and Gauche Staggered Conformations (2.4E)

Anti Conformation

Gauche Conformation

2.5 Conformations of Cycloalkanes

Cyclopropane, Cyclobutane and Cyclopentane (2.5A)

Cyclohexane (2.5B)

Axial and Equatorial Hydrogens

Drawing Cyclohexane Chair Conformations

C-C Rotation in Cyclohexane (Ring Flipping)

(continued next page)

2.6 Conformations of Alkylcyclohexanes

Methylcyclohexane (2.6A)

Axial versus Equatorial CH₃

Conformational Mixtrue

Other Monoalkylcyclohexanes (2.6B)

Equatorial Preferences

Conformations of Dialkylcyclohexanes (2.6C)

1,1-Dialkylcyclohexanes

1,4-Dialkylcyclohexanes

Molecular Configurations of 1-Isopropyl-4-methylcyclohexane

1,2- and 1,3-Dialkylcyclohexanes

cis and trans Dialkylcycloalkanes (2.6D)

cis and trans-1,2-Dimethylcyclopropane

cis and trans-1-Isopropyl-4-methylcyclohexane

Use of cis and trans with Other Dialkylcyclohexanes

Drawings of cis and trans Dialkylcycloalkanes

Chapter Review