

## ***Preparation for the exam 2***

**Chem112L, Spring 2009**

**Exam dates: Monday, June, 8 and Wednesday, June 10**

This exam focuses on structure determination by modeling and NMR, protein-ligand interactions as studied by spectrophotometry, and crystallization / diffraction analysis of macromolecules. I expect that you know the basic material from the three previous experiments as well. I intend to have a mix of knowledge-showing essay-type, problem-solving, and multiple-choice questions. Knowledge of the following helps you in preparing for the exam:

1. Physical principles behind each of the molecular process
  - a. Forces determining conformations of small molecules
  - b. Ligand binding to macromolecules
  - c. Protein crystallization
2. Physical principles behind each of the observation/detection methods
  - a. X-ray diffractometry
  - b. UV absorption spectroscopy, design of UV-vis spectrophotometer
  - d. Nuclear magnetic resonance detection of nuclei: chemical shift
  - e. NMR as a tool to study molecular structures: coupling, TOCSY, NOE
  - f. Molecular modeling with computers: MC, MD, and conformational analysis
3. Theoretical description of conformational equilibria, and ligand binding
  - a. Estimation of thermodynamic parameters from experimental data
  - b. Dissociation constant in relation to equilibrium concentrations
  - c. The harmonic oscillator as a simple model for the chemical bond
  - d. Description of molecular structures in terms of potential energy surfaces
  - e. Minimization, conformational search, and Monte Carlo sampling
  - f. Calculation of observable macroscopic properties from properties of components
  - g. Partition function and it's relationship to average energy
  - h. Relationships between free energy, enthalpy, entropy and heat capacity
4. Structural and functions concepts pertaining to ligand binding and protein function
  - a. Biological function and catalytic mechanism of lysozyme
  - b. Structure of peptides and proteins
  - c. Solvatochromic shifts in UV-Vis spectra
5. Instrumentation
  - a. Basic design and operation of a X-ray diffractometers and synchrotrons
  - b. Basic design and operation of a dual-beam UV spectrophotometer
  - c. Basic design and operation of a FT-NMR spectrometer
6. Broader applications of methods covered; other approaches to study these phenomena
  - a. Using circular dichroism and mass spectrometry to study ligand binding
  - b. Other methods to ligand binding
  - c. Other methods to study conformation of small molecules
7. Practical aspects of each of the experiments and computations
  - a. Why such wavelengths and cuvettes

- c. Why such concentrations, pH, salts, buffers, etc
  - d. Why such simulation parameters and computational protocols
8. Data analysis.
- a. Understand why we used such model equations for fitting
  - b. Understand the meaning of each of the fitting parameters
  - c. Understand the measures of quality of data and fitting
  - d. Understand the workflow of scientific data analysis programs such as *Mathematica*
  - e. Understand how to analyze 2D NMR spectra
  - f. Understand how to interpret 2D X-ray diffraction data
  - g. Understand how to interpret 3D electron density maps
9. Miscellaneous
- a. How to derive equations for association/dissociation equilibrium
  - b. How to interpret and use molecular force fields
  - c. How to estimate fitting parameters: you may need a calculator
  - d. How to make solutions: you may need a calculator

**Answers to many of the questions require substantial thinking. Memorizing all the material may not be the best way to study for this exam.**